

Interview Summary

Application No.

09/700,316

Applicant(s)

OHBERG ET AL.

Examiner

Cameron Saadat

Art Unit

3713

All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel):

(1) Cameron Saadat.

(3) Edward Pennington.

(2) Steve Ashburn.

(4) _____.

Date of Interview: 23 February 2004.

Type: a) ☐ Telephonic b) ☐ Video Conference
c) ☒ Personal [copy given to: 1) ☐ applicant 2) ☐ applicant's representative]

Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: d) ☐ Yes e) ☒ No.
If Yes, brief description: _____.

Claim(s) discussed: 18.

Identification of prior art discussed: Pace, Monk et al.

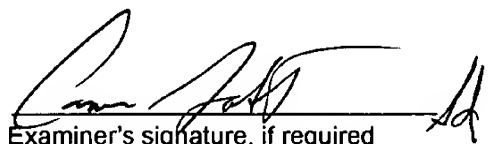
Agreement with respect to the claims f) ☐ was reached. g) ☐ was not reached. h) ☒ N/A.

Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: Applicant's attorney proposed claim language to clarify the invention, emphasizing a method of simulating a missile to test an aircraft system, wherein the method of simulation comprises the step of "simulating the behavior of the missile in a computer model to generate an actual value signal adapted to the weapon systems". The examiner indicated that further consideration and/or search will be required for the proposed claim language.

(A fuller description, if necessary, and a copy of the amendments which the examiner agreed would render the claims allowable, if available, must be attached. Also, where no copy of the amendments that would render the claims allowable is available, a summary thereof must be attached.)

THE FORMAL WRITTEN REPLY TO THE LAST OFFICE ACTION MUST INCLUDE THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. (See MPEP Section 713.04). If a reply to the last Office action has already been filed, APPLICANT IS GIVEN ONE MONTH FROM THIS INTERVIEW DATE, OR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS INTERVIEW SUMMARY FORM, WHICHEVER IS LATER, TO FILE A STATEMENT OF THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. See Summary of Record of Interview requirements on reverse side or on attached sheet.

Examiner Note: You must sign this form unless it is an Attachment to a signed Office action.


Examiner's signature, if required

Summary of Record of Interview Requirements

Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record

A complete written statement as to the substance of any face-to-face, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application whether or not an agreement with the examiner was reached at the interview.

Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office is unnecessary. The action of the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged oral promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to which there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant or the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiner's Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate, the Form should be mailed promptly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the Interview Summary Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:

- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- 2) an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner,
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,
(The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the application file. Of course, the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)
- 6) a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and
- 7) if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner.

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

Examiner to Check for Accuracy

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "Interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.

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February 23, 2004 (9:38 AM)

PLEASE DELIVER TO:

To:	Examiner Cameron Saadat	Telephone No.:	
Firm:	United States Patent and Trademark Office	Fax No.:	(703) 746-9129

From:	Edward A. Pennington	Telephone No.:	(202) 339-8951
Account #:	N/A	Sender's Fax No.:	(202) 295-8478
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Message:

If there is a problem with this transmission, please contact: Ruth W. Moroz at (202) 424-7539.

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Comments to the official action

The claims have been amended to clarify that the method for simulated testing of missile is an improved method where an actual missile is not needed during the testing. In order to specify this more clearly, the wording of the claims now include reference to the simulation of the missile behavior in a computer model.

The simulation is carried out during testing of the aircraft system and is unlike the Pace reference directed to measuring the performance of the aircraft system. According to our inventors the Pace reference discloses a method for determining the sensitivity to disturbances, e.g., ECM, for a target seeker in a missile. This is not the case for their invention that is directed testing the control of the target seeker from the aircraft weapons system.

The primary reference argued by the examiner discloses a method for simulating a missile with a simulator using Hardware-in-the-loop missile simulator technology. This is exactly the type of technology that is sought to avoid by the technology disclosed in our patent application. Naturally it is impractical to have to handle real missiles in order to be able to perform a test of an aircraft system including a weapons system. Furthermore the reference discloses a simulator for the target seeker in a missile, not for simulation of a missile during testing of an aircraft system.

Thus the aim of our invention differs from the cited reference as well as the solution for achieving this aim. The amended claims could not be considered to be anticipated from the Pace reference nor could they be seen as obvious.

In the proposed set of claims, we have indicated the major changes made in comparison to the previous set of claims and where we find support for these amendments.

CAMERON, we would propose getting rid of the existing claims and substitute the proposed claims.

In the Claims:

18. A method of simulating a missile by means of a missile simulator during testing of an aircraft system *which comprises a weapon system for the control of missiles with which the aircraft may be equipped* (from page 1, line 15), the method comprising:
- generating a target seeker command position for the target seeker in the missile, whereby the target seeker is commanded to adopt a predetermined position;
 - (simulating the behavior of the missile in a computer model to generate an actual value signal adapted to the weapon systems* (from page 2 lines 30-32);
 - generating a trouble signal from a deviation between the target seeker command position and the actual value signal* (from page 2, lines 22-23);
 - using the trouble signal as a control signal for the target seeker* (page 2, line 25);
 - repeating steps ii)-iv).
19. The method in accordance with claim 18, wherein the trouble signal is measured continuously and wherein sampled values for a vector indicating error in amplitude (A) and error in phase angle (ϕ), which represent a difference between a vector S^C corresponding to the target seeker command position and a vector S_0 corresponding to the actual value signal, are determined and sent to the computer model in the missile simulator. (from previous claim 2)
20. The method in accordance with claim 19, wherein for each trouble signal, the computer model determines a corresponding actual value signal.
21. The method in accordance with claim 20, wherein for each trouble signal the computer model determines a new vector S^C including an amplitude and a phase angle of the new target seeker command position. (from claim 9)
22. The method in accordance with claim 20, wherein a time-continuous actual value signal is reproduced from a time-discrete vector from the computer model.